Preliminary Analysis of Melt

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Data

- All confirmed freshmen from 201440, 201540, and 201640 (N = 7358).
- Melt is defined as freshmen who confirmed but failed to enroll in fall quarter classes.
- 789 instances of melt among 740 individuals (49 students melted in one year but then enrolled at WWU in a following year)
- 789 instances of melt represents 10.72% of confirmed freshmen.

Some Preliminaries

- 79 confirmed freshmen have missing Als. Among these 79, 21 (26.6%) melted. Because these have missing Al data, I drop these 79 from the rest of the analysis.
- Why is AI missing? What makes them melt at such a high rate?
- After removing these 79, there are 7,279 valid observations with 768 (10.55%) of these that melted.

	hisp	anic	
melt	No	Yes	Total
No	5,977 89.93	534 84.36	6,511 89.45
Yes	669 10.07	99 15.64	768 10.55
Total	6,646 100.00	633 100.00	7,279

	cit	izen	
melt	No	Yes	Total
No	156 79.59	6,355 89.72	6,511 89.45
Yes	40 20.41	728 10.28	768 10.55
Total	196 100.00	7,083 100.00	7,279

	honorsadmit		
melt	No	Yes	Total
No	6,133	378	6,511
	89.18	94.03	89.45
Yes	744	24	768
	10.82	5.97	10.55
Total	6,877	402	7,279
	100.00	100.00	100.00

	campu		
melt	No	Yes	Total
No	2,311 85.09	4,200 92.04	6,511 89.45
Yes	405 14.91	363 7.96	768 10.55
Total	2,716 100.00	4,563 100.00	7,279

	Washingto Resid		
melt	No	Yes	Total
No	1,186	5,325	6,511
	84.23	90.70	89.45
Yes	222	546	768
	15.77	9.30	10.55
Total	1,408	5,871	7,279
	100.00	100.00	100.00

	Non-resident, non-scholarship			
melt	Resident	Non-resid	Total	
No	6,300	269	6,569	
	95.91	4.09	100.00	
Yes	657	132	789	
	83.27	16.73	100.00	
Total	6,957	401	7,358	
	94.55	5.45	100.00	

	Relative of	an Alumni	
melt	No	Yes	Total
No	4,854	1,657	6,511
	88.61	92.00	89.45
Yes	624	144	768
	11.39	8.00	10.55
Total	5,478	1,801	7,279
	100.00	100.00	100.00

	Submitted FAFSA Application			
melt	No	Yes	Total	
No	1,130 83.95	5,381 90.70	6,511 89.45	
Yes	216 16.05	552 9.30	768 10.55	
Total	1,346 100.00	5,933 100.00	7,279	

High School Region	me No	elt Yes	Total
Alaska	94	21	115
	81.74	18.26	100.00
Arizona	20	4	24
	83.33	16.67	100.00
California North	160	32	192
	83.33	16.67	100.00
California South	166	21	187
	88.77	11.23	100.00
Central Washington	268	35	303
	88.45	11.55	100.00
Colorado	136	16	152
	89.47	10.53	100.00
Eastern Washington	33	2	35
	94.29	5.71	100.00
Exceptions	32	7	39
	82.05	17.95	100.00
Hawaii	54	14	68
	79.41	20.59	100.00
Home School Washingto	1 50.00	1 50.00	100.00
Idaho	73	8	81
	90.12	9.88	100.00
International	17	4	21
	80.95	19.05	100.00

Island and San Juan	117	5	122
	95.90	4.10	100.00
King County East	925	80	1,005
	92.04	7.96	100.00
King County North	506	71	577
	87.69	12.31	100.00
King County South	724	75	799
	90.61	9.39	100.00
Midwestern States	92 84.40	17 15.60	109
Military & US Living	19 79.17	5 20.83	100.00
Montana	49	10	59
	83.05	16.95	100.00
Nevada	29	2	31
	93.55	6.45	100.00
New Mexico	23	4	27
	85.19	14.81	100.00
Northeastern States	30	9	39
	76.92	23.08	100.00
Oregon	144	21	165
	87.27	12.73	100.00
Pierce County East	227	24	251
	90.44	9.56	100.00

Pierce County West	278	26	304
	91.45	8.55	100.00
Skagit County	170	24	194
	87.63	12.37	100.00
Snohomish County	668	53	721
	92.65	7.35	100.00
Southern States	83	25	108
	76.85	23.15	100.00
Southwest Washington	336	29	365
	92.05	7.95	100.00
Spokane County	195 92.42	16 7.58	211
The Peninsula	502	64	566
	88.69	11.31	100.00
US Territories	100.00	0.00	1 100.00
Utah	29	5	34
	85.29	14.71	100.00
Whatcom County	258	28	286
	90.21	9.79	100.00
Wyoming	9	7	16
	56.25	43.75	100.00

	melt		
AI Band	No	Yes	Total
AI <= 10	19 95.00	1 5.00	20 100.00
AI > 10 & AI <=20	87 87.88	12 12.12	99
AI > 20 & AI <=30	452 88.28	60 11.72	512 100.00
AI > 30 & AI <=40	950 88.04	129 11.96	1,079 100.00
AI > 40 & AI <=50	1,193 88.76	151 11.24	1,344

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AI > 50 & AI <=60	1,399	174	1,573
	88.94	11.06	100.00
AI > 60 & AI <=70	1,119 89.59	130 10.41	1,249
AI > 70 & AI <=80	798	84	882
	90.48	9.52	100.00
AI > 80 & AI <=90	442	25	467
	94.65	5.35	100.00
AI > 90	52	2	54
	96.30	3.70	100.00
Total	6,511	768	7,279
	89.45	10.55	100.00

What is a logit?

- A method of using many, correlated variables to explain a binary (yes/no) outcome.
- Big benefit—it allows us to isolate the impact of a single variable even when that variable is correlated with other variables.
- For instance, AI might be connected to melt, but AI also is connected to scholarship dollars given to students. Logits allow us to separate the effects of AI from scholarships on melt.

Interpreting Logits

- Two types of interpretation: when the explanatory variable is continuous or when it is binary.
- Continuous Variable Example:

The explanatory variable—this is one of many that explains melt.

VARIABLES

WWU Scholarship (\$1000s)

This is the standard error which is a measure of precisely the marginal effect is measured. The smaller the se, the more precisely measured. A ±2 se gives about a 95% confidence interval.

-.0184 is the "marginal effect" which explains the change in the probability of melt as the explanatory variable increases by 1. In this case, a 1 thousand \$ increase in scholarship reduces the probably of melt by -.018*100 = -1.84 percentage points.

mfx dydx

-0.0184***

(0.00199)

Asterisks represent statistical significance at the *** (1%), ** (5%), or * (10%) level

Interpreting Logits

Binary variable example

Explanatory variable that takes on a yes/no characteristic.

VARIABLES

Male

This is the standard error which is a managers of

This is the standard error which is a measure of precisely the marginal effect is measured. The smaller the se, the more precisely measured. A ±2 se gives about a 95% confidence interval.

This coefficient tells the impact on melt of going from "no" to "yes" in the explanatory variable. In this case, male students are 100*-.0133 = -1.3% more likely to "melt" than "fomale" students

Logit results (continuous variables)

VARIABLES	mfx dydx		
AI	0.00161***		
	(0.000273)		
Age	0.00374		
	(0.00433)		
HS Distance (100s of mi)	0.000473		
	(0.000429)		
WWU Scholarship (\$1000s)	-0.0201***		
	(0.00273)		
Days to Quarter	-0.000175***		
	(4.79e-05)		

10 point increase in Al raises probability of melt by 1.6 percentage points

A \$1000 scholarship reduces the probability of melt by 2 percentage points

An application arriving 100 days earlier than another reduces melt by 1.75 percentage points

Logit results (binary variables)

VARIABLES	mfx dydx
black	0.0123
	(0.0170)
hispanic	0.0400***
	(0.0131)
asian	0.00883
	(0.00925)
indian	0.00639
	(0.0185)
other	-0.0478***
	(0.0148)
male	-0.0145**
	(0.00584)

Relative to whites, Hispanics are 4 percentage points more likely to melt

Relative to women, men are 1.4% percentage points less likely to melt

Logit results (binary variables, continued)

VARIABLES	mfx dydx		
First Generation	0.00440		
	(0.00669)		
Citizen	-0.0668***		
	(0.0251)		
WA Resident	-0.138***		
	(0.0311)		
Relative of an Alumni	-0.0195***		
	(0.00645)		
Prior Visit to WWU Campus	-0.0515***		
	(0.00701)		

Relative to non-citizens, citizens are 6.7 percentage points less likely to melt

WA residents are 13.8 percentage points less likely to melt than non-residents

Relative to those never having visited WWU, those who have are less likely to melt by 5.1 percentage points

Logit results (binary variables, continued)

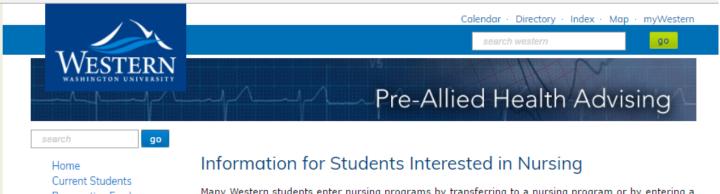
VARIABLES	mfx dydx		
FAFSA Submitted	-0.0342***		
	(0.00886)		
Non-Resident with no Scholarship	-0.0204		
	(0.0136)		
Previously Applied to WWU	0.324***		
	(0.0247)		
Nursing Interest	0.0603*		
	(0.0354)		
Engineering Interest	0.199		
	(0.123)		
Philosophy Interest	0.132		
	(0.0887)		

Students who submitted a FAFSA are 3.4 percentage points less likely to melt than those who didn't submit one

Previous applicants are 32 percentage points more likely to melt

Students with a nursing interest are 6 percentage points more likely to melt

A digression



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Pre-Occupational Therapy

Many Western students enter nursing programs by transferring to a nursing program or by entering a nursing program after graduation. Registered Nurse (R.N.) credentials are obtained after successfully completing a state board examination following completion of a certified nursing program at the community college (ASN or ARN) or a four-year university (BSN or direct-entry MSN). Western plans to offer a RN-BSN program beginning fall 2013 through the Woodring College of Education (for information, please click on this link: http://www.wwu.edu/nursing.

To be eligible for a nursing education program, students must complete a specified set of prerequisites and obtain volunteer or paid health care experience. Students may work on completing the prerequisites at WWU and apply for entry into the ASN or BSN program. Completion of a degree is required for the direct-entry MSN program. Examples of Western majors that cover some or all of the prerequisites include: Biology-Anthropology, Biology, Community Health, Kinesiology/Pre-Physical Therapy, and Kinesiology/Pre-Healthcare Professions.

Listings of the accredited programs in nursing can be found at the following links:

- Accreditation Commission for Education in Nursing Click here
- American Association of Colleges of Nursing Click here
- All Nursing Schools website Click here
- bestnursingdegree.com Click here

Requirements

The specific courses to take depend on the nursing program you are preparing for. Your allied health advisor will be able to give you more specific recommendations after discussing your goals with you.

Please download the following documents for additional information:

- Pre-Nursing Advising Guide
- Preparing for Grad School

Logit results (binary variables, continued)

- Neither Pell eligibility nor level of EFC matter;
- When include the region variables along with binary Washington resident, none of the region variables matter;
- Interaction with Hispanic and Distance don't matter;
- Honors (both applied, accepted, and denied) don't matter
- Prior attendees of college are less likely to melt (usually 3 to 5 percentage points depending on type of college)
- Conditional melt is about 2 percentage points higher in 2016 than in either 2014 or 2015.

Ex Post Forecast

	Model Predict	ted to	
	Melt		
melt	No	Yes	Total
No	1,885	298	2,183
Yes	126	155	281
Total	2,011	453	2,464

What Happens to Melted Students?

- Matched Melted Students to National Student Clearinghouse Data (NSC)
- NSC claims to match 98% of students in public and private 2- and 4year institutions
- Of the 789 melted students, 388 (49.1%) enrolled in a school covered by the NSC
- Of these 388, 287 (73.9%) enrolled in a 4-year school

What Happens to College-Bound Melted Students?

College	#	%	College	#	%
University Of Washington	75	19.33	Everett Community College	9	2.32
Western Washington University	33	8.51	Pierce College	8	2.06
Whatcom Community College	13	3.35	Skagit Valley College	8	2.06
,			0 , 0		
Bellevue College	12	3.09	The Evergreen State College	8	2.06
		0.00	The Lie Breen etaite comege		2.00
Washington State University	11	2.84	Partland Community College	7	1.8
Washington State University	11	2.64	Portland Community College	/	1.0